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HYDE & SWIGART San Diego, California Attorneys for Jennifer Logan

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Jennifer Logan,	Case No: 13CV1205 JAH NLS
Plaintiff, v.	Complaint For Damages
Client Services, Inc. and Citibank, N.A.,	Jury Trial Demanded
Defendants.	

#### Introduction

The United States Congress has found abundant evidence of the use of 1. abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors, and has determined that abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy. Congress wrote the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 et seq. (hereinafter "FDCPA"), to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt

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- collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses.
- 2. The California legislature has determined that the banking and credit system and grantors of credit to consumers are dependent upon the collection of just and owing debts and that unfair or deceptive collection practices undermine the public confidence that is essential to the continued functioning of the banking and credit system and sound extensions of credit to consumers. The Legislature has further determined that there is a need to ensure that debt collectors exercise this responsibility with fairness, honesty and due regard for the debtor's rights and that debt collectors must be prohibited from engaging in unfair or deceptive acts or practices.
- 3. Jennifer Logan, ("Plaintiff"), through Plaintiff's attorneys, brings this action to challenge the actions of Client Services, Inc., ("Client Services"), and Citibank, N.A., ("Citibank), collectively, ("Defendants"), with regard to attempts by Defendants to unlawfully and abusively collect a debt allegedly owed by Plaintiff, and this conduct caused Plaintiff damages.
- 4. Plaintiff makes these allegations on information and belief, with the exception of those allegations that pertain to a plaintiff, or to a plaintiff's counsel, which Plaintiff alleges on personal knowledge.
- 5. While many violations are described below with specificity, this Complaint alleges violations of the statutes cited in their entirety.
- 6. Unless otherwise stated, all the conduct engaged in by Defendants took place in California.
- 7. Any violations by Defendants were knowing, willful, and intentional, and Defendants did not maintain procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such violation.

# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. Jurisdiction of this Court arises pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k), and 28 U.S.C. § 1367 for supplemental state claims.
- 9. This action arises out of Defendant's violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692 et seq. ("FDCPA") and the Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, California Civil Code §§ 1788-1788.32 ("Rosenthal Act").
- 10. Because Defendants conduct business within the State of California, personal jurisdiction is established.
  - 11. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.
  - 12. At all times relevant, Defendants conducted business within the State of California.

### **PARTIES**

- 13. Plaintiff is a natural person who resides in the City of San Diego, State of California.
- 14. Client Services is located in the City of St Charles, in the State of Montana.
- 17 15. Citibank, N.A. is located in the City of New Castle, in the State of Delaware.
- 18 16. Plaintiff is obligated or allegedly obligated to pay a debt, and is a "consumer" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3).
  - 17. Client Services is a person who uses an instrumentality of interstate commerce or the mails in a business the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or who regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another and is therefore a debt collector as that phrase is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
  - 18. Plaintiff is a natural person from whom a debt collector sought to collect a consumer debt which was due and owing or alleged to be due and owing from Plaintiff, and is a "debtor" as that term is defined by California Civil Code § 1788.2(h).

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- Defendants, in the ordinary course of business, regularly, on behalf of 19. himself, herself, or others, engages in debt collection as that term is defined by California Civil Code § 1788.2(b), and are therefore debt collectors as that term is defined by California Civil Code § 1788.2(c).
- 20. This case involves money, property or their equivalent, due or owing or alleged to be due or owing from a natural person by reason of a consumer credit transaction. As such, this action arises out of a consumer debt and "consumer credit" as those terms are defined by Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.2(f).

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 21. Sometime before September 15, 2010, Plaintiff is alleged to have incurred certain financial obligations with Citibank related to a Citibank Mastercard, Account Number ending in 5838.
- 22. These financial obligations were primarily for personal, family or household purposes and are therefore a "debt" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(5).
- 23. These alleged obligations were money, property, or their equivalent, which is due or owing, or alleged to be due or owing, from a natural person to another person and are therefore a "debt" as that term is defined by California Civil Code §1788.2(d), and a "consumer debt" as that term is defined by California Civil Code §1788.2(f).
- Sometime thereafter, but before September 15, 2010, Plaintiff allegedly fell 24. behind in the payments allegedly owed on the alleged debt. Plaintiff currently takes no position as to the validity of this alleged debt.
- 24 25. Subsequently, but before September 15, 2010, the alleged debt was assigned, 25 placed, or otherwise transferred, to Client Services for collection.
  - On or about September 15, 2010, Client Services mailed a dunning letter to 26. Plaintiff regarding Plaintiff's Citibank Mastercard, Account Number ending in 5838. A few days later, Plaintiff received that letter.

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- This communication to Plaintiff was a "communication" as that term is 27. defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(2), and an "initial communication" consistent with 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a).
- This communication was a "debt collection" as Cal. Civ. Code 1788.2(b) 28. defines that phrase, and an "initial communication" consistent with Cal. Civ. Code § 1812.700(b).
- On or about September 15, 2010, Plaintiff spoke on the phone with a 29. representative of Client Services. During this September 15, 2010 phone call between Plaintiff and Client Services, Plaintiff and Client Services agreed that Plaintiff would pay off her alleged Citibank Mastercard credit card, Account Number ending in 5838, to Client Services, in the amount of \$100 a month, to be automatically deducted from Plaintiff's bank account on the 26th of each month by Client Services.
- From September 2010 to November 2012, payments were taken by Client 30. Services from Plaintiff's bank account in the amounts of \$100 and \$150 per month.
- On or about November 26, 2012, without notice to Plaintiff and while 31. Plaintiff was still under the belief that Plaintiff was making monthly payments to Client Services, as agreed upon under Plaintiff and Client Services September 15, 2010 agreement, Client Services abruptly ceased taking automatic withdrawals from Plaintiff's bank account.
- On or about March 7, 2013, without notice to Plaintiff and while Plaintiff was 32. still under the belief that Plaintiff was making monthly payments to Client Services, Citibank filed a lawsuit against Plaintiff, in the Superior Court of San Diego, Case No. 37-2013-00045751-CL-CL-CTL for the entirety of the alleged debt without crediting Plaintiff for her payments.
- 33. Through this conduct, Client Services used a false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of a debt.

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- Consequently, Client Services violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692e and 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10).
- 34. Through this conduct, Citibank was collecting an amount (including any interest, fee, charge, or expense incidental to the principal obligation) when such amount was not expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or permitted by law. Consequently, Citibank violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692f(1).
- Because this violated certain portions of the federal Fair Debt Collection 35. Practices Act as these portions are incorporated by reference in the Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, through California Civil Code § 1788.17, this conduct or omission violated Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.17.
- 36. On or about May 17, 2013, and before filing the present lawsuit, Plaintiff's Counsel contacted Client Services, Inc. by telephonic communication in an attempt to resolve this matter. Plaintiff's Counsel spoke to Victor Deone, a representative of Client Services. Victor Deone represented that Client Services was unwilling to discus correcting the debt at issue.

#### **CAUSES OF ACTION**

#### COUNT I

# FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT (FDCPA)

# 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692 ET SEQ.

## (AS TO CLIENT SERVICES)

- 37. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference, all other paragraphs.
- 38. The foregoing acts and omissions constitute numerous and multiple violations of the FDCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the abovecited provisions of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 et seq.
- 39. As a result of each and every violation of the FDCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to any actual damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1); statutory damages in

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an amount up to \$1,000.00 pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(2)(A); and, reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(3) from Client Services.

## **COUNT II**

# ROSENTHAL FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT (ROSENTHAL ACT) CAL. CIV. CODE §§ 1788-1788.32

### (AS TO ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 40. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference, all other paragraphs.
- 41. The foregoing acts and omissions constitute numerous and multiple violations of the Rosenthal Act, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of the Rosenthal Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1788-1788.32
- As a result of each and every violation of the Rosenthal Act, Plaintiff is 42. entitled to any actual damages pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(a); statutory damages for a knowing or willful violation in the amount up to \$1,000.00 pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(b); and reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(c) from Defendants.

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### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendants, and Plaintiff be awarded damages from Defendants, as follows:

- An award of statutory damages of \$1,000.00 pursuant to 15 U.S.C. \$ 1692k(a)(2)(A);
- An award of costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(3);
- An award of actual damages pursuant to California Civil Code § 1788.30(a);
- An award of statutory damages of \$1,000.00 pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(b);
- An award of costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees, pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(c).
- 43. Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

Respectfully submitted,

**Hyde & Swigart** 

Date: May 21, 2013

By:s/ Crosby S. Connolly

Crosby S. Connolly

Attorneys for Plaintiff